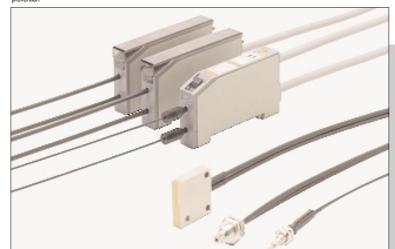
Slim Body Analog Fiber Sensor





Analog output type for diverse applications

Analog voltage output

It incorporates an analog voltage output of 1 to 5 V.

Various uses

In combination with various types of fibers and the ultra-compact digital panel controller, CA2 series or the digital panel controller CA series, FX-11A can be used for various applications, such as, height evaluation, level detection by differential sensing, etc.



CA2 series

Slim size

CA series

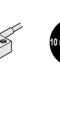
Digital panel controller

Being only 10 mm 0.394 in thick, it can

be mounted in a narrow space.

Interference prevention function

Two sets of fibers can be mounted close together or face to face.

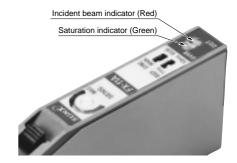




Saturation indicator

The saturation indicator lights up when the output reaches 5 V. Hence, the sensitivity can be easily adjusted even without using a tester.

Moreover, an incident beam indicator which brightens up in proportion to the amount of incident beam (output voltage) is also incorporated.

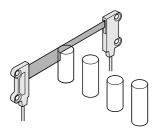


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APPLICATIONS

Evaluating height of traveling objects

Objects can be sorted according to their height.



Ascertaining the number of translu-

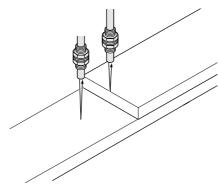
The number of overlapping translucent

films can be ascertained.

cent films

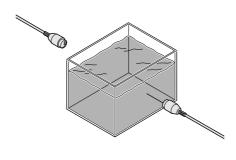
Detecting level difference

When differential sensing is used, no sensitivity readjustment is required even if the reflectivity of the objects changes.



Sensing turbidity of liquid

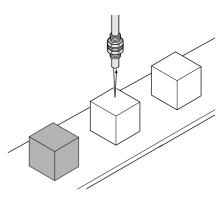
The turbidity of a liquid inside a clearwall tank can be sensed in an analog manner.



Detecting product mix-up

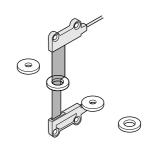
Mixed-up products that differ in color (reflectivity) can be sorted out from normal products.

FX-11A



Measuring inner diameter of rings

Rings can be sorted according to their inner diameter.





ORDER GUIDE

Amplifier

Appearance	Model No.	Supply voltage	Analog output
	FX-11A	12 to 24 V DC \pm 10 %	Analog voltage • Output voltage: 1 to 5 V

Accessory

• MS-DIN-2 (Amplifier mounting bracket)



ibers	;	[Thru-beam type (one pair	set)]	-		
Туре		Shape of fiber head (mm in)	Sensing range (Note 1)	Features	Fiber cable length Control Fiber cable length Fiber cable length Fiber cable length	Model No.
	ensing	Lens mountable M4	160 mm 6.299 in	•Twice the sensing range for the same diameter	2 m 6.562 ft	FT-B8
	Long sensing range	With lens	125 mm 4.921 in	• Long sensing range with small fiber heads of ϕ 2.5 mm ϕ 0.098 in	2 m 6.562 ft	FT-SFM2L
		Lens mountable M4			2 m 6.562 ft	FT-FM2
		With sleeve	85 mm 3.346 in	. Free out time		FT-FM2S With sleeve 90 mm 3.543 in
		φ1.48 φ0.058		Free-cut type		FT-FM2S4 With sleeve 40 mm 1.575 in
	-	φ2.5 φ0.098				FT-SFM2
	Standard	Lens mountable M3	85 mm 3.346 in	Miniature head but having the same sensing range as the standard type fiber	2 m 6.562 ft	FT-T80
	o)			Suitable for detection in a congested equipment Free-cut type	2 m 6.562 ft	FT-NFM2
		With sleeve	0 906 in			FT-NFM2S With sleeve 90 mm 3.543 in
seam Seam		φ 0.88 φ 0.035				FT-NFM2S4 With sleeve 40 mm 1.575 in
Inru-beam		<i>φ</i> 1.5 <i>φ</i> 0.059				FT-SNFM2
	Long sensing range	With lens	100 mm 3.937 in	•The fiber can be bent sharply, like an electric wire, to avoid space wastage in installation because of its small allowable bending radius of R1 mm R0.039 in or more.		FT-WS8L
		Lens mountable M4	35 mm		-	FT-W8
Sharp bend	Standard	φ 2.5 φ 0.098	1.378 in		2 m 6.562 ft	FT-WS8
Shar	ameter	■■■ ■■ ■■ ■■ ■■ ■■ ■■ ■■	8 mm 0.315 in			FT-W4
	Small diameter	φ 1.5 φ 0.059				FT-WS4
ıl use	Wide beam	W4.2 × H31 × D13.5 W0.165 × H1.220 × D0.531	100 mm 3.937 in	The wide beam detects an object at any place within the range.	3< 2 m 6.562 ft	FT-A8
Special use	yr.	Top sensing	65 mm	•The wide beam detects an object at any	*	FT-AFM2
	Array	Side sensing	2.559 in	place within the range.	2 m 6.562 ft	FT-AFM2E

Note: The sensing range is defined as the range until the saturation indicator lights up.

ORDER GUIDE

Fibers		;	[Reflective type]					
Туре		е	Shape of fiber head (mm in)	Sensing range (Note 1)	Features	Fiber cable length Section 2	Model No.	
	Long	sensing range	M6 M6	31 mm 1.220 in	Long sensing range	2 m 6.562 ft	FD-B8	
			Coaxial M6	22 mm 0.866 in	• Free-cut type	3<2 m 6.562 ft	FD-FM2	
			With sleeve				FD-FM2S With sleeve 90 mm 3.543 in	
			φ2.5 φ0.098				FD-FM2S4 With sleeve 40 mm 1.575 in	
			M4	22 mm 0.866 in		2 m 6.562 ft	FD-T80	
	ard	dard	M3 Small diameter	7 mm 0.276 in	Miniature head but having the same sensing range as the standard type fiber		FD-T40	
	Standard		φ3 φ0.118	22 mm 0.866 in			FD-S80	
			M4		Suitable for detection in a congested equipment Free-cut type	2 m 6.562 ft	FD-NFM2	
			With sleeve	7 mm 0.276 in			FD-NFM2S With sleeve 90 mm 3.543 in	
Ae Ve			φ 1.48 φ 0.058				FD-NFM2S4 With sleeve 40 mm 1.575 in	
Reflective			¢2.5 ∮ 0.098				FD-SNFM2	
	Sharp bend	_	M6	8 mm 0.315 in	•The fiber can be bent sharply, like an	3< 2 m 6.562 ft	FD-W8	
		Standard	M4	□ 8 mm			FD-WT8	
		S	φ3 φ0.118	0.315 in	electric wire, to avoid space wastage in installation because of its small allowable bending radius of R1 mm R0.039 in or more		FD-WS8	
		ecision	Coaxial M4 Lens mountable	□ 3 mm	(FD-WG4, FD-WSG4: R2 mm R0.079 in or more).		FD-WG4	
		High precision	Coaxial \$\phi 3 \phi 0.118	0.118 in			FD-WSG4	
	scial us		Top sensing O				FD-AFM2	
		Array	20 0.787 0 0 13 mm Side sensing 0 0.512 in	Its wide beam meets various needs.	2 m 6.562 ft	FD-AFM2E		
		cision	Coaxial M4	10 mm 0.394 in	Precise position sensing with coaxial fiber	2 m 6.562 ft	FD-G4	
		High precision	Coaxial • Small head Lens mountable M3	3 mm 0.118 in	Combination with the FX-MR3 lens gives an extremely small spot diameter of \$\phi 0.3 \text{ mm } \phi 0.012 \text{ in approx.}	500 mm 19.685 in	FD-EG1	

Notes: 1) The sensing range is defined as the range until the saturation indicator lights up.

Further, for the reflective type fibers, it is specified for white non-glossy paper [50 × 50 mm 1.969 × 1.969 in (FD-B8: 100 × 100 mm 3.937 × 3.937 in)] as the object.

2) Please take care that the sensing range of free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max.

Accessories

· MS-DIN-2 (Amplifier mounting bracket)



• FX-CT2 (Fiber cutter)

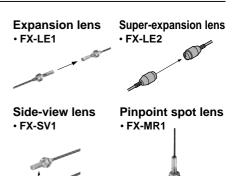
- FX-AT10 (ϕ 1 mm ϕ 0.039 in fiber attachment)
- FX-AT13 (ϕ 1.3 mm ϕ 0.051 in fiber attachment)

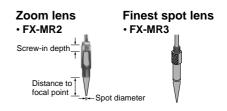


OPTIONS

Designation		Model No.	Description					
e fiber	Expansion lens	FX-LE1	Increases the sensing range by 6 times or more. • Sensing range (Lens on both sides) (Note 1): 900 mm 35.433 in (FT-B8), 750 mm 29.528 in (FT-FM2, FT-T80), 350 mm 13.780 in (FT-V			D mm 13.780 in (FT-W8)		
For thru-beam type fiber	Super- expansion lens	FX-LE2	Tremendously increases the sensing range with large aperture lense • Sensing range (Lens on both sides) (Note 1): 3,000 mm 118.110 in (FT-B8), 2,500 mm 98.425 in (FT-FM2), 3,000 mm 118.110 in (FT-W			•		
For thru	Side-view lens	FX-SV1	Beam axis is bent by 90°. • Sensing range (Lenses on both sides) (Note 1): 220 mm 8.661 in (FT-B8), 200 mm 7.874 in (FT-FM2, FT-T80), 25 mm 0.984					
_	Pinpoint spot lens	FX-MR1	Pinpoint spot of ϕ 0.5 mm ϕ 0.020 in. • Applicable fiber: FD-WG4, FD-G4 • Distance to focal point: 6 ± 1 mm 0.236 ± 0.039				mm 0.236 ± 0.039 in	
For reflective type fiber	Zoom lens	FX-MR2	The spot diameter is adjustable from ϕ 0.7 to ϕ 2 mm ϕ 0.028 to ϕ 0.079 in according to how much the fiber is screwed in. • Applicable fiber: FD-WG4 , FD-G4 • Distance to focal point: 18.5 to 43 mm 0.728 to 1.693 in approx. (Screw-in depth: 7 to 14 mm ϕ 0.276 to ϕ 0.051 in) • Spot diameter: ϕ 0.7 to ϕ 2 mm ϕ 0.028 to ϕ 0.079 in (Screw-in depth: 7 to 14 mm ϕ 0.276 to ϕ 0.051 in)					
For refl	Finest spot lens	FX-MR3	Extremely fine spot of ϕ 0.3 mm ϕ 0.012 in is achieved. • Applicable fiber: FD-WG4, FD-EG1, FD-G4 • Distance to focal point: 7.5 \pm 0.5 mm 0.295 \pm 0.020 in • Spot diameter: ϕ 0.3 mm ϕ 0.012 in (FD-EG1), ϕ 0.5 mm ϕ 0.020 in (FD-WG4, FD-G4)					
	gital panel htroller	CA2-T2	NPN open-colle transistor	ector	two inde • Supply • No. of • Input r • Main f Thresh function setting referen	ependent threshold lever voltage: 24 V DC ± 1 inputs: 1 No. (sensor in the sensor in t	ctions: d level setting function, zero-adjust scale setting function, hysteresis unction, start / hold function, auto- e function, power supply ON-delay	
(No	ote 2)	2) CA-R2		Relay contact		This is a multi-functional controller having mathematical functions, hold function, etc. • Supply voltage: 100 to 240 V AC ± 10 % • No. of inputs: 2 Nos. (sensor inputs)		
		CA-T2	NPN open-colle transistor	ector	Input range: 1 to 5 V DC Power supply for sensor: 12 V DC, Main functions: Mathematical functions, process selection function, hold function,		V DC, 150 mA	
		CA-B2	NPN open-colle transistor With BCD outp				inction, power asurement start	
		FTP-500 (0.5 m 1.640 ft)	- For		FT-B8			
		FTP-1000 (1 m 3.281 ft)			FT-FM2			
	otective tube or thru-beam \	FTP-1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft)	-1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft) thread		FT-FM2	. S4		
	pe fiber	FTP-N500 (0.5 m 1.640 ft)	For	Applicable fibers	FT-T80		The protective	
		FTP-N1000 (1 m 3.281 ft)	M3 thread		FT-NFN		tube, made of non-corrosive	
		FTP-N1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft)		ple fi	FT-NFN	12S4	stainless steel, protects	
		FDP-500 (0.5 m 1.640 ft)	For	plica	FD-B8	2	the inner fiber	
		FDP-1000 (1 m 3.281 ft)	M6 thread	Ap	FD-FM2		cable from any external	
	otective tube or reflective \	FDP-1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft)				FD-FM2S4 FD-T80 FD-NFM2		
ty	pe fiber	FDP-N500 (0.5 m 1.640 ft)	For	1 1				
		FDP-N1000 (1 m 3.281 ft) M4 thread			FD-NFM2S			
		FDP-N1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft)			FD-NFM2S4			
Fib	er bender	FB-1	The fiber ber proper radius		bends th	e sleeve part of the fi	ber head at the	
			Horizontal mounting		mg type Mounting stand assembly for fiber For M3, M4 or M6 threaded			
	iversal sensor unting stand	MS-AJ1-F	Horizontal mo	untii	ng type			

- Notes: 1) The sensing range is defined as the range until the saturation indicator lights up.
 - 2) For further details, refer to p.864~ for the ultra-compact digital panel controller CA2 series, and to p.854~ for the digital panel controller CA series.
 3) Refer to P.332~ for the universal sensor mounting stand.





Digital panel controller

• CA2 series



· CA series



Protective tube

- FTP-
- FDP-□





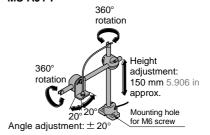
Fiber bender

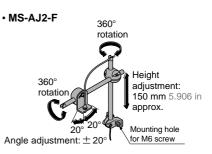
• FB-1

Universal sensor mounting stand

Using the arm which enables adjustment in the horizontal direction, sensing can also be done from above an assembly line.

• MS-AJ1-F





SPECIFICATIONS

Fibers

Type	Standard, small fiber head, small diameter, sharp bend, long sensing range with lens, wide beam, array, high precision				
Allowable bending radius	R25 mm R0.984 in or more [Sharp bend: R1 mm R0.039 in or more (FD-WG4, FD-WSG4: R2 mm R0.079 in or more)]				
Ambient temperature	$-40 \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 158 ^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ (Sharp bend:} -40 \text{ to} + 60 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 140 ^{\circ}\text{F}, \textbf{FD-EG1:} -20 \text{ to} + 60 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 4 \text{ to} + 140 ^{\circ}\text{F}) \text{ (No dew condensation or icing allowed),} \\ \text{Storage:} -40 \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 158 ^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ (Sharp bend:} -40 \text{ to} + 60 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 140 ^{\circ}\text{F}, \textbf{FD-EG1:} -20 \text{ to} + 60 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 4 \text{ to} + 140 ^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ \text{Storage:} -40 \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 158 ^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ (Sharp bend:} -40 \text{ to} + 60 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 140 ^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ \text{Storage:} -40 \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 158 ^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ (Sharp bend:} -40 \text{ to} + 60 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 140 ^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ \text{Storage:} -40 \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 158 ^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ (Sharp bend:} -40 \text{ to} + 60 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 140 ^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ \text{Storage:} -40 \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 158 ^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ (Sharp bend:} -40 \text{ to} + 60 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 140 ^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ \text{Storage:} -40 \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 158 ^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ (Sharp bend:} -40 \text{ to} + 60 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 140 ^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ \text{Storage:} -40 \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 158 ^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ (Sharp bend:} -40 \text{ to} + 60 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 140 ^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ \text{Storage:} -40 \text{ to} + 70 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 150 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to} + 150 ^{\circ}\text{C} + 100 ^{\circ}\text$				
Ambient humidity	35 to 85 % RH, Storage: 35 to 85 % RH				
Material	Fiber core: Acrylic Sheath: Polyethylene Fiber head: Brass (Nickel-plated) (Threaded part of standard, threaded part of small diameter, threaded type of sharp bend, high precision, array Stainless steel (SUS) (FT-SFM2, small fiber head, FT-SNFM2, FD-SNFM2, non-threaded type of sharp bend, FT-SFM2L, sleeve part of sleeve-attached fiber Polycarbonate (FT-A8, Lens of FT-WS8L), Polyolefin (Lens of FT-A8)				
Accessories	All fibers: 1 fiber attachment set Free-cut type fibers:FX-CT2 1pc. (Fiber cutter) Threaded head fibers:nuts 2 pcs. (thru-beam type: 4 pcs.) and toothed lock washer 1 pc. (thru-beam type: 2 pcs.) FT-A8: 0.5 × 12 mm 0.020 × 0.472 in seal type slit mask 2 pcs. and 1 × 12 mm 0.039 × 0.472 in seal type slit mask 2 pcs.				

Amplifier

Model No.		FX-11A				
Supply voltage		12 to 24 V DC ± 10 % Ripple P-P 10 % or less				
Cui	rrent consumption	35 mA or less				
Analog output		Analog voltage • Output voltage: 1 to 5 V (proportional to incident light intensity) • Output current: 5 mA or less • Output impedance: 47 Ω • Load resistance: 2 kΩ or more • Temperature characteristics: 0.3 % F.S./°C or less				
Re	sponse time	Switchable either 1 ms or less, or 10 ms or less				
Incident beam indicator		Red LED (brightens up in proportion to analog output voltage)				
Saturation indicator		Green LED (lights up when the analog output voltage reaches 5 V)				
Sensitivity adjuster		8-turn potentiometer with indicator				
Interference prevention function		Incorporated				
	Ambient temperature	- 10 to +55 °C +14 to +131 °F (No dew condensation or icing allowed), Storage: -20 to +70 °C −4 to +158 °F				
ce	Ambient humidity	35 to 85 % RH, Storage: 35 to 85 % RH				
sistar	Ambient illuminance	Sunlight: 1,000 ℓ x at the light-receiving face, Incandescent light: 1,000 ℓ x at the light-receiving face				
al res	Noise immunity	Power line: 240 Vp, 10 ms cycle, and 0.5 μs pulse width; Radiation: 300 Vp, 10 ms cycle, and 0.5 μs pulse width (with noise simulator)				
Environmental resistance	Voltage withstandability	1,000 V AC for one min. between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure (Note 1)				
iron	Insulation resistance	20 MΩ, or more, with 250 V DC megger between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure (Note 1)				
En∨	Vibration resistance	10 to 150 Hz frequency, 0.75 mm, 0.030 in amplitude in X, Y and Z directions for two hours each				
	Shock resistance	100 m/s² acceleration (10 G approx.) in X, Y and Z directions for five times each				
Emitting element		Red LED (modulated)				
Material		Enclosure: Heat-resistant ABS, Cover: Polycarbonate, Fiber lock lever: PES				
Cable		0.2 mm ² 4-core cabtyre cable, 2 m 6.562 ft long				
Cable extension		Extension up to total 100 m 328.084 ft is possible with 0.3 mm ² , or more, cable. (Note 2)				
Weight		60 g approx.				
Accessories		MS-DIN-2 (Amplifier mounting bracket): 1 pc., Adjusting screwdriver: 1 pc.				

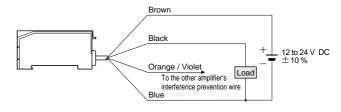
Notes: 1) The voltage withstandability and the insulation resistance values given in the above table are for the amplifier only.

2) Take care that the output voltage drops when the cable is extended.

I/O CIRCUIT AND WIRING DIAGRAMS

I/O circuit diagram Color code D₁ (Brown) + V +7 V φ D₂ 47 Ω circuit (Black) Analog voltage output (Note) 12 to 24 V DC ± 10 % **★** D₃ (Orange / Violet) Interference prevention wire (Blue) 0 V Sensor Load resistance 2 kΩ or more Internal circuit ← - Users' circuit

Wiring diagram

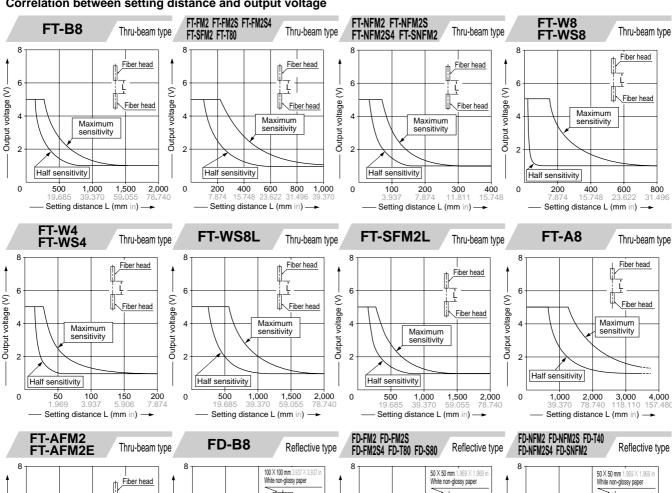


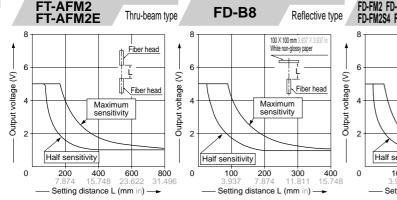
Note: The analog voltage output is not incorporated with a short-circuit protection circuit. Do not connect it directly to a power supply or a capacitive load.

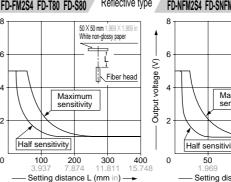
Symbols ... D1: Reverse supply polarity protection diode D2, D3: Surge absorption diode

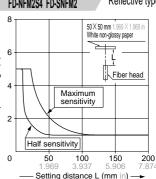
SENSING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

Correlation between setting distance and output voltage



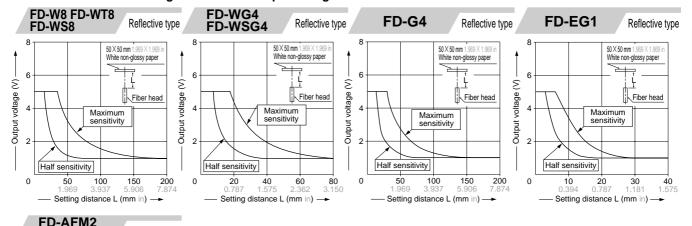


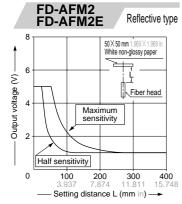




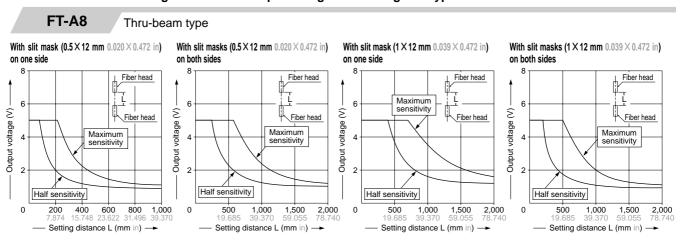
SENSING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

Correlation between setting distance and output voltage





Correlation between setting distance and output voltage when using seal type slit masks



PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Refer to p.1135~ for general precautions and p.94~ for fiber precautions.

Amplifier

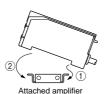


This product is not a safety sensor. Its use is not intended or designed to protect life and prevent body injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery. It is a normal object detection sensor.

Mounting

How to mount the amplifier

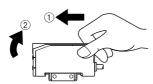
- 1) Fit the rear part of the amplifier on the attached amplifier mounting bracket (MS-DIN-2) or a 35 mm 1.378 in width DIN rail.
- 2 Press down the front part of the amplifier on the amplifier mounting bracket (MS-DIN-2) or DIN rail to fit it.



mounting bracket or 35 mm 1.378 in width

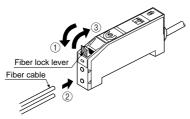
How to remove the amplifier

- 1 Push the amplifier forward.
- 2 Lift up the front part of the amplifier to remove it.



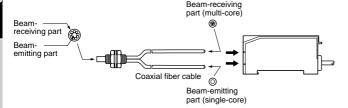
How to connect the fiber cables

- 1 Unlock the fiber lock
- 2 Insert the fiber cables slowly into the inlets until they stop. (Note 1)
- 3 Lock the fiber lock lever in the original position.



Notes: 1) In case the fiber cables are not inserted to a position where they stop, the sensing range reduces.

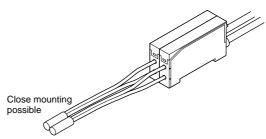
2) With the coaxial reflective type fiber, such as, FD-G4 or FD-FM2, insert the center fiber cable (single-core) into the beam-emitting inlet and the outer fiber cable (multi-core) into the beam-receiving inlet. If they are inserted in reverse, the sensing accuracy will deteriorate.



Interference prevention function

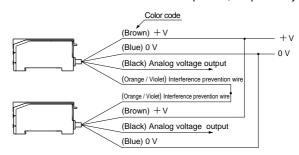
• Two sets of fibers can be mounted close together because an interference prevention function has been incorporated

The wiring and the setting of the interference prevention selection switch should be done as follows.



1) Wiring

· Connect together the interference prevention wires and the 0 V wires of the two **FX-11A** amplifiers, respectively.



2 Interference prevention selection switch

 Set the interference prevention selection switch to 'MAIN' for one amplifier and to 'SUB' for the other amplifier.

In case interference function is not used

- Make sure to set the interference prevention selection switch to 'MAIN'. If it is set to 'SUB', the sensor will not
- Insulate the interference prevention wire.

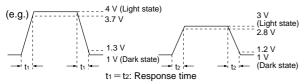
PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Refer to p.1135~ for general precautions and p.94~ for fiber precautions.

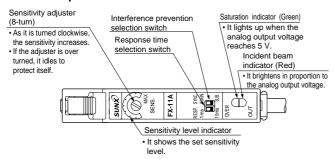
Amplifier

Response time selection

- The response time of FX-11A can be selected either '1 ms' or '10 ms'. If your detecting application does not need a quick response, '10 ms' is recommended as it makes the detection secure against inductive noise and ambient light. If you choose '1 ms', pay attention to electromagnetic noise and ambient light.
- The response time of FX-11A is the time required for the output voltage to rise from 1 V (dark state voltage) to [90 % of $\{\text{light state voltage} - 1 \ \text{V} \ (\text{dark state voltage})\} + 1 \ \text{V}$ (dark state voltage)] or the time required for the output voltage to fall from the light state voltage to [10 % of {light state voltage -1 V (dark state voltage) + 1 V (dark statevoltage)]. The response time of FX-11A is constant regardless of the amplitude of the output voltage.



Part description



Sensitivity adjustment

Step	Operation	Sensitivity adjuster
1	Turn the sensitivity adjuster fully counterclockwise (minimum sensitivity).	MAX. SENS.
@	Adjust the relative positions of the fiber heads or the fiber head and the object so as to receive as much incident beam as possible. Thru-beam type Perfect beam-alignment Maximum reflected beam	
3	Turn the sensitivity adjuster clockwise until the saturation indicator lights up. Once it lights up, turn the sensitivity adjuster counterclockwise until the saturation indicator lights off. This is the most sensitive point before saturation.	MAX. SENS.

Others

- Do not use during the initial transient time (50 ms) after the power supply is switched on.
- The analog output is not incorporated with a short-circuit protection circuit. Do not connect it directly to a power supply or a capacitive load.

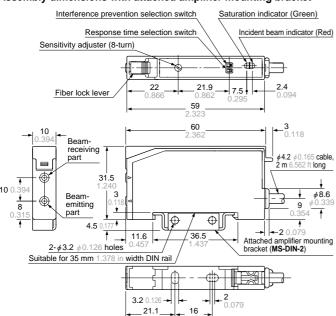
DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)

The CAD data in the dimensions can be downloaded from the SUNX website: http://www.sunx.co.jp/ Refer to p.103~ for dimensions other than those given in the figures below.

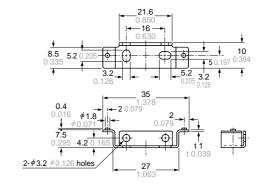
FX-11A

Amplifier

Assembly dimensions with attached amplifier mounting bracket



MS-DIN-2 Amplifier mounting bracket (Accessory for FX-11A)



Material: Cold rolled carbon steel (SPCC) (Uni-chrome plated)

Note: The top view is shown without the cover.